

Article III: The Judicial Branch

18.1/18.3

The United States Supreme Court

- Court makeup
- _____ total.
 - _____ Associate Justices
 - _____ Chief Justice
- Term: _____
- Pay
 - Justices each make \$ _____.
 - Chief makes \$ _____.
- Appointed
 - by _____, approved by _____



Judicial Review

- In ruling the _____ unconstitutional in 1803, Chief Justice John Marshall established _____.
- The Supreme Court proclaimed the power to declare acts of Congress (and others) unconstitutional thus empowering the Judicial Branch.

Jurisdiction

- _____: heard first in a particular court
 - Ex: _____, _____
- _____: heard on appeal from a lower court
 - Ex: can _____, _____, or modify
- _____: heard only in federal courts
 - Ex: ambassador, foreign official, _____ crime
- _____: shared power between federal and state courts
 - Ex: citizens from _____

Writ of Certiorari

- _____ directing a lower court to send up the record in a given case.
- Latin for “ _____ ”

Certificate

- _____ for a ruling or clarification on a case.
- _____ applies. Four of the justices must agree to hear the case.

Appeals

- High percentage of all cases reaches the court from _____.
- _____, _____, and _____ courts all feed the Supreme Court.

Making the Court

- _____: Four of the nine justices must agree to hear a case.
- _____: The Supreme Court's agenda. The court receives over 10,000 cases for review.
- _____
 - From _____
 - _____
 - "friend of the court"
 - Organizations
 - _____
 - 30 minutes for each side interrupted by questioning

Decisions

- _____ Opinion
 - Decided by the chief justice, it is the official ruling of the court.
- _____ Opinion
 - Opinion of the justices that disagree with ruling
- _____ Opinion
 - Justices that agree, but upon different grounds or reasons

